

only the (✓) mark questions

Exercise

- 3.1 Arrange the following metals in the order in which they displace each other from the solution of their salts.
Al, Cu, Fe, Mg and Zn.
- 3.2 Given the standard electrode potentials,
 $K^+/K = -2.93V$, $Ag^+/Ag = 0.80V$,
 $Hg^{2+}/Hg = 0.79V$
 $Mg^{2+}/Mg = -2.37V$, $Cr^{3+}/Cr = -0.74V$
Arrange these metals in their increasing order of reducing power.
- 3.3 Depict the galvanic cell in which the reaction
 $Zn(s) + 2Ag^+(aq) \rightarrow Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2Ag(s)$ takes place. Further show:
(i) Which of the electrode is negatively charged?
(ii) The carriers of the current in the cell.
(iii) Individual reaction at each electrode.
- 3.4 Calculate the standard cell potentials of galvanic cell in which the following reactions take place:
(i) $2Cr(s) + 3Cd^{2+}(aq) \rightarrow 2Cr^{3+}(aq) + 3Cd$
(ii) $Fe^{2+}(aq) + Ag^+(aq) \rightarrow Fe^{3+}(aq) + Ag(s)$
Calculate the $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ and equilibrium constant of the reactions.
- 3.5 Write the Nernst equation and emf of the following cells at 298 K:
(i) $Mg(s) | Mg^{2+}(0.001M) || Cu^{2+}(0.0001 M) | Cu(s)$
(ii) $Fe(s) | Fe^{2+}(0.001M) || H^+(1M) | H_2(g)(1bar) | Pt(s)$
(iii) $Sn(s) | Sn^{2+}(0.050 M) || H^+(0.020 M) | H_2(g) (1 bar) | Pt(s)$
(iv) $Pt(s) | Br^-(0.010 M) | Br_2(l) || H^+(0.030 M) | H_2(g) (1 bar) | Pt(s)$.
- 3.6 In the button cells widely used in watches and other devices the following reaction takes place:
 $Zn(s) + Ag_2O(s) + H_2O(l) \rightarrow Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2Ag(s) + 2OH^-(aq)$
Determine $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ and E^\ominus for the reaction.
- 3.7 Define conductivity and molar conductivity for the solution of an electrolyte. Discuss their variation with concentration.
- 3.8 The conductivity of 0.20 M solution of KCl at 298 K is $0.0248 S cm^{-1}$. Calculate its molar conductivity.
- 3.9 The resistance of a conductivity cell containing 0.001M KCl solution at 298 K is 1500Ω . What is the cell constant if conductivity of 0.001M KCl solution at 298 K is $0.146 \times 10^{-3} S cm^{-1}$.